

Appendix B

Definitions and Footnotes to Crime and Fire Statistics

Department of Education Clery Definitions

A. Campus:

1. Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of or in a manner related to the institution's educational purposes, including residence halls; and
2. Any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to the area identified in paragraph (1) that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students and supports institutional purposes (such as a food or other retail vendor).

B. Non-Campus:

1. Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or
2. Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.

C. Public Property:

All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks and parking facilities, that is within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus. Public property, for purposes of data collection and this report, does not include businesses or private residences adjacent to the campus.

City of Akron Crime Statistics: <http://www.akronohio.gov/cms/site/10c5e96e7db5b10f/index.html>

Footnotes:

- a. "Public Property" statistics include police reports taken by the City of Akron, the City of Orville and the Medina County Sheriff for public properties adjacent to the University Akron and Wayne campuses and the Medina County University Center. Every effort has been made to comply with the definitions contained in the statutes, regulations and Handbook for Campus Crime Reporting; however Public Property statistics provided by municipalities are not independently verified by the University, and may include reports of crimes that occurred in private residences, businesses or Non-Campus locations.
- b. Pursuant to the Department of Education Cutting Tool, for the 2014 and 2015 reporting years, sex offenses are reported as rape, fondling, incest and statutory rape. For the 2013 reporting year, sex offenses are reported as forcible and non-forcible sex offenses. Pursuant to these definitions, forcible sex offenses were defined as forcible rape, forcible sodomy, forcible fondling and sexual assault with an object and non-forcible sex offenses were defined as incest and statutory rape. The definitions for Title IX offenses in Appendix D reflect the updated definition of rape.

- c. Municipal police departments provide statistics for Public Property and Non-Campus according to F.B.I. Uniform Crime Reporting (U.C.R.) requirements. Sex Offenses are re-categorized pursuant to the Uniform Crime Reporting National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS), as required by the Campus Security Act.
- d. Hate crimes are crimes that manifest evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the victim's actual or perceived: race (RA), gender (GE), religion (RE), national origin (NO), sexual orientation (SO), gender identity (GI), ethnicity (ET) or disability of the victim (DB). This definition is reflective of reporting year 2014 (and going forward.) For reporting year 2013, federal regulations did not include Gender Identity and National Origin in the definition of hate crime categories.
- e. Although institutions first were required to record statistics for Dating Violence, Domestic Violence and Stalking or for hate crimes involving national origin and gender beginning with reporting year 2014; the University used best efforts to record statistics for these offenses during reporting year 2013 and these figures are included.
- f. Non-campus statistics for the Akron campus include facilities owned or controlled by the University and frequently used by students including but not limited to :
 - 411 Wolf Ledges Pkwy (The University of Akron Research Foundation – laboratory space)
 - 495 Wolf Ledges Pkwy (The University of Akron Research Foundation – laboratory space)
 - 539 E. Town Street, Columbus, OH (leased student intern housing)
 - Bath Nature Preserve
 - Columbus State University (leased classroom space during specific hours)
 - Copley High School (leased classroom space during specific hours)
 - First Congregational Church (leased classroom space during specific hours)
 - Fraternity and Sorority houses
 - Lakewood Center
 - Mid-Point Campus Center (Brunswick)
 - Panzner Wetland Wildlife Preserve
 - Steiner Woods

Non-campus statistics for the Wayne College Campus include statistics for:

- Holmes County Higher Education Center in Millersburg
- Wadsworth High School (leased classroom space during specific hours)

Medina County University Center currently does not have any Non-campus properties. Neither Wayne College Campus nor Medina County University Center has residence halls.

- g. 478 Orchard and 503/505 Vine are apartment buildings owned by the University, but not designated as residence halls or managed by the University. These buildings have been reclassified from non-campus property to on-campus residences beginning with the 2014 ASR, and the statistics include time prior to reclassification. The buildings' tenants include a mix of students and non-students.

h. Gallucci Hall and Grant Hall were not used as student residences in 2014 and 2015.